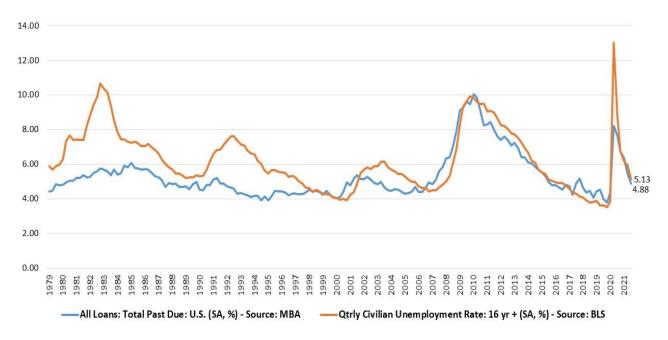


## RESEARCH AND ECONOMICS

## Chart of the Week – November 12, 2021 Mortgage Delinquency Rate and Unemployment Rate (%)

Seasonally adjusted, based on loan count, excludes loans in foreclosure



Source: MBA's National Delinquency Survey; Bureau of Labor Statistics

The delinquency rate for mortgage loans on one-to-four-unit residential properties fell to a seasonally adjusted rate of 4.88 percent of all loans outstanding at the end of the third quarter of 2021. The delinquency rate was down 59 basis points from the previous quarter, and was 277 points lower than one year ago, according to the Mortgage Bankers Association's (MBA) <u>National Delinquency Survey</u>, <u>released this week</u>.

The mortgage delinquency rate has now declined for five straight quarters, commensurate with the decline in the U.S. unemployment rate over the same time period. In October, the unemployment rate dropped further to 4.6 percent, indicative of a further decrease in the mortgage delinquency rate in the months ahead.

The improvement was driven entirely by a decline in later-stage delinquent loans – those loans that are 90 days or past due, but not in foreclosure. By the end of the third quarter, many borrowers were approaching the 18-month expiration point of their forbearance terms and were being placed in permanent home retention solutions, such as modifications and loan deferrals. Once these borrowers entered permanent post-forbearance workouts and resumed payments, they moved from delinquent to current status.

Across the period from first quarter of 1979 to the third quarter of 2021, the quarterly mortgage delinquency rate averaged 5.33 percent, while the quarterly unemployment rate averaged 6.23 percent.