Housing Affordability in the US: Market Rate vs Affordable – Where are the Opportunities?

Tuesday, February 11, 2025

Moderator

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Panelists

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State of Affordable Housing in the U.S.

50%

of renters are cost burdened

1 in 3

homeowners struggle with housing costs 7.3MM

affordable rental shortage across the U.S.

Fewer rental units maintained at affordable prices

Housing shortage doubled in the last 10 years





Growing demand

Shrinking supply







The Affordable Rental Housing Sector has Outperformed with Lower Risk



The "most affordable" segment had an average quarterly return of 1.64% from Q1 2008 to Q1 2024 compared to 1.42% for "mid-market" and 1.06% for the "least affordable" properties.



Combining Multiple Programs & Creative Zoning



One Building
2 HUD New Construction Loans
Market Rate & 100% Affordable

- Modeled after "Twinning" used for 4%/9% deals
- Market HUD Loan –The DSCR loan is just over \$125MM at a 1.176x DSCR
- Affordable HUD Loan –\$8MM. The DSCR loan is \$17.5MM. The DSCR is 2.52x. 4% LIHTC Equity & Tax Exempt Bonds
- Garage, Amenity, and Commercial Space owned by Market Rate Owner with Amenity Fee and Agreement to Affordable Owner



Combining Multiple Programs & Creative Zoning

Density Bonus and Zoning Approvals

- Affect on Market Rate deal
- Subordinations not always possible

Collaborate with traditional and non-traditional partners

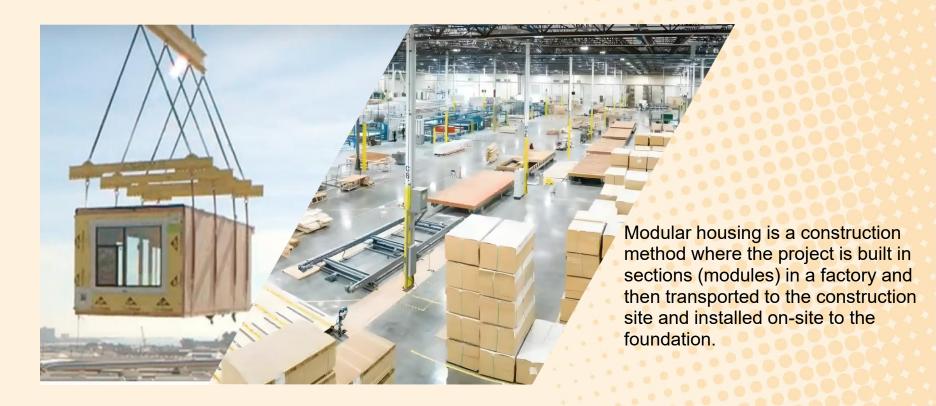
- Loan Purchasers, GNMA investors & EBL lenders
- Labor Requirements (Davis Bacon Wages, Union Labor)
- Workforce Housing & employment within County in exchange for Ground Lease from the City

Affordable Loan Substitution after Final Endorsement

Agency requirements and regulatory interplay between each



Exploring Alternative Housing Models—Modular Housing



Advantages

- SPEED: Concurrent off-site and on-site activities reduce the speed to market by 40-50%
- COST: Offsite control makes hard costs easier to predict and manage with 20-40% savings
- QUALITY: A climate-controlled factory environment is more precise and protected from the elements
- SUSTAINABILITY: Less environmental impact with 40% less waste and a more energy efficient, green build
- SAFETY: Offsite production mitigates risks with safety precautions unavailable in the field
- NEIGHBORLY: Fewer semis, people, traffic, trash, noise and less time onsite means less disruptions

Challenges

- BRIDGE LOAN: Financing option to cover the gap between construction and permanent financing
- OFFSITE STORAGE: HUD requires modular housing to be delivered onsite before draw approval, or a waiver must be obtained for an agreed offsite location
- DISTANCE TO SITE: Proximity of the storage location to the construction site
- INSURANCE FOR MODULAR BRIDGE LOAN: Coverage required to protect the investment during the bridge loan period
- DISBURSEMENT SCHEDULE: Timeline and conditions for releasing funds during the project
- NO ADVANCE FUNDING FOR INITIAL DEPOSITS: Initial deposits must be funded without advance disbursements from the loan

HUD/Agency Financing Programs

- 221(d)(4) CONSTRUCTION LOAN ADVANTAGES: Non-Recourse, No Personal Guarantees, Low Interest Rate, Construction to Perm for 40-yr Amortization. LTV High: 85%, 87%, or 90% depending upon affordability of project
- 223(f) REFINANCE LOAN ADVANTAGES: Refi within 3 months of stabilization & achieved DSC ratio threshold
- MORTGAGE INSURANCE PREMIUM (MIP): Significantly reduced if HUD approved
 Green Certification obtained
- AGENCY: Fannie/Freddie financing available once built & stabilized, no construction financing available